

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:53:17 ON 21 SEP 2002)

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, SCISEARCH, CANCERLIT, LIFESCI, BIOTECHDS, CAPLUS'
ENTERED AT 16:53:44 ON 21 SEP 2002

L1 167804 S HNOTCH# OR HN OR TAN# OR (HUMAN(W)NOTCH#)
L2 841 S L1 AND HYDROXYL?
L3 665 S L2 AND PY<2000
L4 147384 S HNOTCH# OR TAN# OR (HUMAN(W)NOTCH#)
L5 559 S L4 AND HYDROXYL?
L6 430 S L5 AND PY<2000
L7 167 S L4(S)HYDROXYL?
L8 39 S L4 AND HYDROXYL?/TI

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, CANCERLIT, LIFESCI, BIOTECHDS, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT
17:02:55 ON 21 SEP 2002

L9 126906 S HNOTCH# OR TAN# OR (HUMAN(W)NOTCH#)
L10 0 S L9(S)HYBROXYL?
L11 159 S L9(S)HYDROXYL?
L12 125 S L11 AND PY<2000
L13 86 DUP REM L12 (39 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L14 524 S HNOTCH# OR TAN1 OR TAN2 OR (HUMAN(W)NOTCH#)
L15 0 S L14 AND HYCROXYL?
L16 2 S L14 AND HYDROXYL?
L17 65 S NOTCH# AND HYDROXYL?
L18 34 S L17 AND PY<2000
L19 20 DUP REM L18 (14 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L20 27 S HYDROXYLAT? AND NOTCH#
L21 12 S L20 AND PY<2000
L22 7 DUP REM L21 (5 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L23 1110 S (ASP(A)ASN) OR (ASPART?(W)ASPARG?)
L24 1967 S (ASP(A)ASN) OR (ASPART?(A)ASPARG?)
L25 13 S L24(4W)HYDROXYL?
L26 13 S L25 AND PY<2000
L27 5 DUP REM L26 (8 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L28 35 S HAAH OR HASPH OR (HUMAN(W)ASPH) OR (HUMAN(W)AAH)
L29 10 S L28 AND (NOTCH# OR TAN# OR DELTA# OR SER?)
L30 6 S L29 AND PY<2000
L31 126742 S L25 OR L28 OR TAN#
L32 12 S L31 AND (TENASCIN# OR LAMININ#)
L33 10 S L32 AND PY<2000
L34 5 DUP REM L33 (5 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L35 48 S L25 OR L28
L36 0 S L35 AND (TENASCIN# OR LAMININ#)
L37 1034 S TAN1 OR TAN2 OR (TAN(W)1) OR (TAN(W)2)
L38 0 S L36 AND (TENASCIN# OR LAMININ#)
L39 2071 S MIMOSINE OR HYDROXYPYRIDONE
L40 0 S L24 AND L39
L41 0 S L37 AND L39
L42 1 S L28 AND L39
L43 5589941 S NOTCH# OR TAN# OR DELTA# OR SER?
L44 1 S L28 AND L39
L45 305 S L43 AND L39
L46 239 S L45 AND PY<2000
L47 123 DUP REM L46 (116 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L48 189 S L39 AND (NEUROBLASTOMA OR GLIOBLASTOMA OR CHOLANGIO? OR CARC
L49 138 S L48 AND PY<2000
L50 110 S L49 NOT L46
L51 45 DUP REM L50 (65 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L52 734 S L(W)MIMOSINE OR LMIMOSINE OR HYDROXYPYRIDONE
L53 31 S L52 AND (CANCER# OR TUMOR# OR TUMOUR# OR MALIGNANT OR MALIGN
L54 22 S L53 NOT L48
L55 21 S L54 AND PY<2000
L56 14 DUP REM L55 (7 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:53:17 ON 21 SEP 2002)

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, SCISEARCH, CANCERLIT, LIFESCI, BIOTECHDS, CAPLUS'
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L25 13 S L24(4W)HYDROXYL?
L26 13 S L25 AND PY<2000
L27 5 DUP REM L26 (8 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L28 35 S HAAH OR HASPH OR (HUMAN(W)ASPH) OR (HUMAN(W)AAH)
L29 10 S L28 AND (NOTCH# OR TAN# OR DELTA# OR SER?)
L30 6 S L29 AND PY<2000

WEST Search History

DATE: Saturday, September 21, 2002

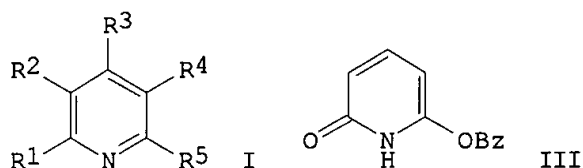
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L15	l10 not us[pc]	32	L15
L14	L13 or l12	17	L14
L13	L11 and @prad<19991108	17	L13
L12	L11 and @ad<19991108	7	L12
L11	L10 and us[pc]	21	L11
L10	L9 and hydroxylat\$3	53	L10
L9	haah or hasph or (human adj asph) or (human adj aah) or tan1 or tan2 or (tan adj (1 or 2)) or delta\$1 or serrated or ser1 or ser2 or tenascin\$1 or laminin\$1 or notch\$1	124191	L9
<i>DB=USPT; PLUR=NO; OP=ADJ</i>			
L8	l7 and @ad<19991108	25	L8
L7	L6 and (cancer\$1 or tumor\$1 or tumour\$1 or malignant or malignancies or myeloma\$1 or lymphoma\$1 or leukemia\$1 or leukaemia\$1 or sarcoma\$1 or carcinoma\$1 or melanoma\$1)	25	L7
L6	lmimosine or (l adj mimosine) or hydroxypyridone	237	L6
L5	L4 and @ad<19991108	22	L5
L4	L3 with hydroxylat\$3	22	L4
L3	haah or hasph or (human adj asph) or (human adj aah) or tan1 or tan2 or (tan adj (1 or 2)) or delta\$1 or serrated or ser1 or ser2 or tenascin\$1 or laminin\$1	152460	L3
L2	motch\$1 with hydroxylat\$3	0	L2
L1	notch\$1 with hydroxylat\$3	0	L1

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

L19 ANSWER 6 OF 20 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:230634 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199799529837
TITLE: Detection beta-aspartyl(asparaginy) **hydroxylation**
in **Notch**.
AUTHOR(S): Jia, S. (1); Ma, J.; Stern, A. M.; Corman, J.; Blom, K.;
Weinmaster, G.; Friedman, P. A.
CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Dupont Merck Res. Lab., Wilmington, DE 19880 USA
SOURCE: Proceedings of the American Association for Cancer
Research
Annual Meeting, (1997) Vol. 38, No. 0, pp. 64.
Meeting Info.: Eighty-eighth Annual Meeting of the
American
Association for Cancer Research San Diego, California, USA
April 12-16, 1997
ISSN: 0197-016X.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; Abstract
LANGUAGE: English

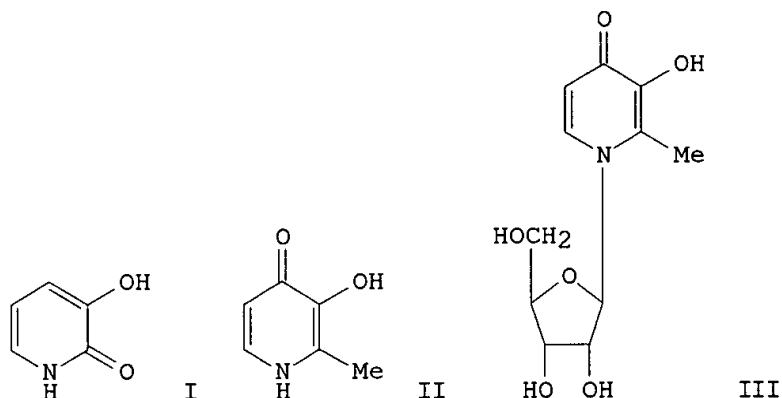
ES 557311	A1	19871116	ES 1987-557311	19870114	<--
US 4983609	A	19910108	US 1988-219521	19880715	<--
US 5155113	A	19921013	US 1989-437315	19891117	<--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1984-229938	A	19841030
			JP 1984-230684	A	19841031
			JP 1984-254587	A	19841130
			JP 1985-7190	A	19850117
			JP 1985-59788	A	19850325
			JP 1985-192582	A	19850830
			JP 1985-207892	A	19850919
			JP 1985-98295	A	19850509
			JP 1985-195223	A	19850903
			US 1985-793054	B1	19851030
			US 1985-793056	A2	19851030
			JP 1986-176464	A	19860725
			JP 1986-181027	A	19860730
			US 1986-903824	A3	19860903

GI



AB Pyridine derivs. I (R1 = H, acyloxy; R2, R4 = H, halo, NH2, CO2H, CONH2, cyano, NO2, alkyl, alkenyl, alkoxyacetyl; R3, R5 = H, OH, acyloxy) and their tautomeric pyridone derivs. (optionally N-substituted with alkyl, tetrahydrofuran-2-yl, alkoxyalkyl, etc.) are prepd. as antineoplastic potentiators for use in compns. contg. 5-fluorouracil (II) or compds. producing the latter in vivo. Thus, 1.30 g PhCOCl in MeCN was added dropwise to 1.60 g 2,6-bis(trimethylsilyloxy)pyridine in MeCN to give 33% benzoyloxypyridone III. Against **sarcoma** 180 in mice, a 1:1 M mixt. of III and 2'-deoxy-5-fluorouridine (IV) had an oral ED50 of 2 mg/kg, vs 23 mg/kg for IV alone. A granular formulation contained 2,6-dihydroxy-3-chloropyridine 10, II 10, lactose 180, corn starch 290, and hydroxypropyl methylcellulose 10 mg. A variety of I (96 examples) and II derivs. (145 examples) were prepd. and effective in potentiated compns.

L56 ANSWER 10 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:51933 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:51933
 TITLE: Synthesis of 3-hydroxy-2- and -4-pyridone nucleosides as potential antitumor agents
 AUTHOR(S): Mao, David T.; Driscoll, John S.; Marquez, Victor E.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Med. Chem. Pharmacol., Natl. Cancer Inst., Bethesda, MD, 20205, USA
 SOURCE: J. Med. Chem. (1984), 27(2), 160-4
 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 GI



AB The ribo- and arabinofuranosyl nucleosides of antitumor 2- and 4-pyridones

I and II were prepd. by direct condensation of the silylated bases with either 1-O-acetyl-2,3,5-tri-O-benzoyl-D-ribofuranose or 2,3,5-tri-O-benzoyl-1-p-nitrobenzoyl-D-arabinofuranose in the presence of trimethylsilyl triflate . With the arabinofuranosyl nucleosides, the .alpha. and .beta. anomers were sepd. at the stage of O-benzyl-protected compds. after chem. functionalization of the 3-OH group of the pyridone aglycons with Ac and PhCH₂ groups, resp. Deblocking of the protected ribo- and arabinofuranosyl nucleosides was done by std. methods. In vitro

activity against P-388 cells in culture indicated that the 4-pyridone riboside III was the most active member of the series with a twofold lower

ID₅₀ than II. However, none of these compds. showed any activity against the in vivo model system of murine P-388 **leukemia** at doses of 25-400 mg/kg qd 1-5.

L56 ANSWER 11 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:593123 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 91:193123

TITLE: Pyridones as potential antitumor agents

AUTHOR(S): Hwang, Deng Ruey; Driscoll, John S.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Natl. Cancer Inst., NIH, Bethesda, MD, 20014, USA

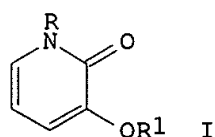
SOURCE: J. Pharm. Sci. (1979), 68(7), 816-19

CODEN: JPMSAE; ISSN: 0022-3549

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

GI



AB Based on the finding that 3-acetoxy-2-pyridone had reproducible activity against murine P-388 lymphocytic **leukemia**, derivs. in this series were synthesized and evaluated to det. structural parameters important for activity. Of the 32 compds. tested, e.g., I (R = H, Me, CONH2CH2CH2Cl, SO2Me; R1 H, Ac, Bz, etc.), 10 were active. At least two oxygen-contg. functional groups are required for P-388 activity, and the 2,3-isomeric arrangement provides the greatest activity. Carbamate or acyloxy groups in the 3-position produced the most active 2-pyridones.

L56 ANSWER 12 OF 14 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:93129 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: BR15:36629
TITLE: SELECTIVE CYTO TOXICITY OF BETA-N-3 HYDROXY-4 PRYIDONE
ALPHA AMINO PROPIONIC-ACID **L MIMOSINE**
FOR **MALIGNANT** PIGMENT CELLS.
AUTHOR(S): NATHANSON L; HALL T C; KHWAJA T A
SOURCE: Yale J. Biol. Med., (1977) 50 (5), 569.
CODEN: YJBMAU. ISSN: 0044-0086.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference
FILE SEGMENT: BR; OLD
LANGUAGE: Unavailable

L56 ANSWER 13 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1973:154754 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 78:154754
TITLE: Preparation and biological activity of various
3-deazapyrimidines and related nucleosides
AUTHOR(S): Bloch, A.; Dutschman, G.; Currie, Bruce L.; Robins,
Roland K.; Robins, Morris J.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Exp. Ther., Roswell Park Mem. Inst., Buffalo, N.
Y., USA
SOURCE: J. Med. Chem. (1973), 16(3), 294-7
CODEN: JMCMAR
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

AB Some 3-deazapyrimidines and their nucleosides showed cytotoxic activity in
vitro and antitumor activity in vivo. Thus, 1-.beta.-D-ribofuranosyl-4-
hydroxy-2-pyridone (3-deazauridine) (I) [23205-42-7] inhibited growth of
leukemia L1210 cells in vitro at 6 .tim. 10-6M, and increased the
survival time of male mice bearing **leukemia** L1210 by 55-65% when
given i.p. at 100-300 mg/kg/day for 6 days. 3-Deazacytidine [28307-19-9]
inhibited growth of Escherichia coli at 3 .tim. 10-7M and of
Streptococcus
faecium at 2 .tim. 10-4M. 1-.beta.-D-ribofuranosyl-2-pyridone-4-O-
(adamantane-1-carboxylate) [40521-08-2] (50 mg/kg/day s.c. for 6 days)
increased the life span of L1210-bearing mice to an extent comparable to
that achieved with I given i.p. at higher doses.

L56 ANSWER 14 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1970:98901 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 72:98901
TITLE: Suppression of melanoma development and inhibition of
phenoloxidase by mimosine
AUTHOR(S): Prabhakaran, Kochukunju; Harris, Eugene B.;
Kirchheimer, Waldemar F.
CORPORATE SOURCE: U. S. Public Health Serv. Hosp., Carville, La., USA

SOURCE: Cytobios (1969), 1(1A), 3-5
CODEN: CYTBAI
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
AB Out of 10 mice transplanted with Harding-Passey mouse melanoma and treated with **L-mimosine**, only 1 developed the neoplasm and all the other animals survived. Eight of the controls grew the **tumor** and 7 of them died. Administration of saline instead of mimosine produced no effect. The compd. completely inhibited the phenoloxidase of both melanoma ext. and of mushroom tyrosinase in vitro. It is suggested that the suppression of melanoma development is correlated with inhibition of phenoloxidase by mimosine.

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:144637
 TITLE: Inhibition by analogs of L-tyrosine transport by B16/F10 melanoma cells
 AUTHOR(S): Jara, J. R.; Martinez-Liarte, J. H.; Solano, F.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Med., Univ. Murcia, Murcia, 30100, Spain
 SOURCE: Melanoma Research (1991), 1(1), 15-21
 CODEN: MREEEH; ISSN: 0960-8931
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

AB The effect of L-tyrosine (L-Tyr) analogs on L-Tyr uptake by B16/F10 **malignant** melanocytes is reported. L-Tyr analogs devoid of the amino group, like p-hydroxyphenylpyruvic acid and related compds., and L-Tyr analogs devoid of the carboxyl group, such as tyramine, do not affect the L-Tyr uptake. The other arom. amino acids, L-Phe and L-Trp, and the L-Tyr analogs D,L-m-Tyr, L-diiodotyrosine, and L-dopa, strongly inhibit the uptake of L-Tyr. This suggests that these chems. are transported more efficiently than L-Tyr. The ASC transport system does not show stereospecificity, but the L system has a greater affinity for L-Tyr than for D-Tyr. The ASC system also has a greater affinity for tyrosine isomers with the hydroxyl group in the ortho and meta positions. The presence of a Me group at the .alpha.-carbon of L-Tyr and L-dopa also increases the affinity of the ASC system for these agents. In contrast, .alpha.-methylation decreases the affinity of the L system in comparison to L-Tyr. L-Tyr esters do not inhibit, but stimulate the transport of L-Tyr, mainly by the ASC system.

L56 ANSWER 9 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:497331 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:97331
 TITLE: Pyridine derivatives for increasing the anticancer activity of 5-fluorouracil and related compounds.
 INVENTOR(S): Fujii, Setsuro
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Otsuka Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 239 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 180188	A2	19860507	EP 1985-113723	19851029 <--
EP 180188	A3	19870128		
EP 180188	B1	19920415		
R: CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE				
JP 61106593	A2	19860524	JP 1984-229938	19841030 <--
JP 01057118	B4	19891204		
JP 61109719	A2	19860528	JP 1984-230684	19841031 <--
JP 05064123	B4	19930914		
DK 8504965	A	19860501	DK 1985-4965	19851029 <--
ES 549011	A1	19871001	ES 1985-549011	19851030 <--
JP 62155215	A2	19870710	JP 1985-269171	19851127 <--
JP 05080451	B4	19931109		
US 4864021	A	19890905	US 1986-903824	19860903 <--
ES 557309	A1	19871116	ES 1987-557309	19870114 <--
ES 557310	A1	19871116	ES 1987-557310	19870114 <--

L51 ANSWER 35 OF 45 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:17678 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199344005878

TITLE: Iron and iron chelators modulate the activity of
p34-cdc2/58-cyclin A proline-directed protein kinase in
MDA-MB-453 breast **cancer** cells.

AUTHOR(S): Kulp, K. S.; Berardi, C. J.; Vulliet, P. R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Vet. Pharm. Tox., Univ. Calif., Davis, Calif. 95616

SOURCE: Molecular Biology of the Cell, (1992) Vol. 3, No. SUPPL.,
pp. 33A.

Meeting Info.: Thirty-second Annual Meeting of the
American

Society for Cell Biology, Denver, Colorado, USA, November
15-19, 1992. MOL BIOL CELL
ISSN: 1059-1524.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference

LANGUAGE: English

L51 ANSWER 36 OF 45 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 22

L51 ANSWER 33 OF 45 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:314787 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: BR43:15512
TITLE: **MIMOSINE** A REVERSIBLE G1-S PHASE BOUNDARY CELL
CYCLE INHIBITOR DECREASES P34CDC2-P58CYCLIN A
PROLINE-DIRECTED PROTEIN KINASE ACTIVITY IN MDA-MB-453
BREAST **CANCER**.
AUTHOR(S): KULP K S; BERARDI C J; VULLIET P R
CORPORATE SOURCE: DEP. VET. PHARM. TOX., UNIV. CALIF., DAVIS, CALIF. 95616.
SOURCE: 1992 MEETING OF THE FEDERATION OF AMERICAN SOCIETIES FOR
EXPERIMENTAL BIOLOGY (FASEB), PART II, ANAHEIM,
CALIFORNIA,
(1992) USA, APRIL 5-9, 1992. FASEB (FED AM SOC EXP BIOL) J,
6 (5), A1933.
CODEN: FAJOEC. ISSN: 0892-6638.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference
FILE SEGMENT: BR; OLD
LANGUAGE: English

L51 ANSWER 29 OF 45 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 19

ACCESSION NUMBER: 95029301 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95029301 PubMed ID: 7524314

TITLE: Effect of desferrioxamine and **hydroxypyridones** on hemopoietic progenitors and neuroectodermal tumor cells.

AUTHOR: Timeus F; Valle P; Crescenzo N; Ruggieri L; Rosso P; Pagliardi G L; Cordero di Montezemolo L; Gabutti V; Ramenghi U

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pediatric Hematology-Oncology, University of Turin, Italy.

SOURCE: AMERICAN JOURNAL OF HEMATOLOGY, (1994 Nov) 47 (3) 183-8.
Journal code: 7610369. ISSN: 0361-8609.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199411

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19941222
Last Updated on STN: 19970203
Entered Medline: 19941118

AB The iron chelator desferrioxamine (DFO) has been shown to inhibit the proliferation of hemopoietic progenitors and several tumor cell lines. We have compared the in viro hemopoietic inhibitory effect of desferrioxamine (DFO) and **hydroxypyridones** (HPOs) on hemopoietic progenitors and two human neuroectodermal (NE) tumor cell lines, NB 100 and SKNMC. Both DFO and HPOs showed a direct dose-related inhibitory effect on BFU-E and CFU-GM obtained from purified human non-T MNAC (T-lymphocyte-depleted nonadherent mononuclear cells) and CD34+ cells. DFO and HPOs displayed both an inhibitory and a cytotoxic effect on NE cell lines. We calculated the ratio between NE cell and hemopoietic cell growth inhibition for a range of concentrations of chelators. DFO showed the most satisfactory ratio. This suggests that DFO is still the most preferable chelating agent for the treatment of **neuroblastoma**, since it combines the highest antineuroblastoma effect with the lowest hematopoietic toxicity.

L51 ANSWER 30 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

L51 ANSWER 13 OF 45 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2002 THOMSON DERWENT AND ISI

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997-01985 BIOTECHDS

TITLE: Fusaricide, a new cytotoxic N-**hydroxypyridone** from
Fusarium sp.;
new cytostatic agent purification, characterization and
structure determination

AUTHOR: McBrien K D; Gao Q; Huang S; Klohr S E; Wang R R; Pirnik D
M;

Neddermann K M; Bursucker I; Kadow K F; *Leet J E

CORPORATE SOURCE: Bristol-Squibb

LOCATION: Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, Pharmaceutical Research
Institute, 5 Research Parkway, P.O. Box 5100, Wallingford,

CT

06492, USA.

SOURCE: J.Nat.Prod.; (1996) 59, 12, 1151-53

CODEN: JNPRDF

ISSN: 0163-3864

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AN 1997-01985 BIOTECHDS

AB Fusarium sp. isolate WC-49758 (SC 15717) obtained from flowers of
sourwood (Oxydendron arboreum) was cultured in 250 ml medium containing
(per l): 30 g mashed potato, 10 g dextrose, 10 g defatted soybean meal,

2

g yeast extract, 2.5 g NaCl and 10 g agar. Incubation was at 28 deg for
7 days. Fusaricide (1), a new cytotoxic N-**hydroxypyridone**, was
isolated from 20 cultures in 58 mg yield, as colorless, diamond-shaped
crystals. The molecular formula of (1) was established as C₁₇H₂₅NO₃ by
HR-FABMS, and the structure of (1) was established on the basis of PMR,
CMR, COSY, HETCOR and long-range HETCOR data. When tested for antitumor
activity against a mouse tumor cell line, Madison lung **carcinoma**
(M109), fusaricide exhibited in vitro cytostatic activity at 1 ug/ml and
above, but no activity in an in vivo M109 tumor model. (17 ref)

L56 ANSWER 1 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:219118 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:246381

TITLE: Method for the treatment of conditions mediated by collagen formation together with cell proliferation

by application of hydroxypyridinone derivative inhibitors

of protein hydroxylation

INVENTOR(S): Hanauske-Abel, Hartmut M.; McCaffrey, Timothy A.; Grady, Robert W.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cornell Research Foundation, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 29 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,789,426.

CODEN: USXXAM

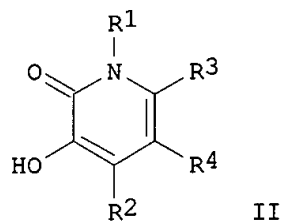
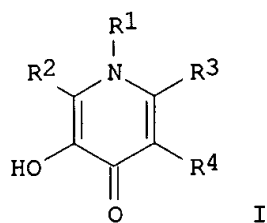
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6046219	A	20000404	US 1997-991913	19971216
US 5789426	A	19980804	US 1995-377137	19950120 <--
CA 2210885	AA	19960725	CA 1996-2210885	19960117 <--
US 5965585	A	19991012	US 1997-866998	19970530 <--
US 5965586	A	19991012	US 1997-991758	19971216 <--
US 6080766	A	20000627	US 1997-991124	19971216
WO 9930562	A1	19990624	WO 1998-US26646	19981215 <--
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9917274	A1	19990705	AU 1999-17274	19981215 <--
EP 1039804	A1	20001004	EP 1998-962117	19981215
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1995-377137	A2 19950120
			US 1997-991913	A 19971216
			WO 1998-US26646	W 19981215
OTHER SOURCE(S):			MARPAT 132:246381	
GI				



AB A method is provided for treating conditions mediated by collagen formation together with cell proliferation by administering to a patient or living system an effective amt. I or II (R1-R4 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, or alkoxy group contg. 1-8 C, aryl, aralkyl, or cycloalkyl group contg. 5-12 C, carboalkoxy or carbamyl contg. up to 8 C, peptide or peptidomimetic moiety contg. 10-30 C) or a deriv. thereof.

REFERENCE COUNT: 42 THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

FORMAT

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

L19 ANSWER 5 OF 20 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:536009 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199799835212
TITLE: Overexpression of HAAH (human aspartyl, asparaginyl
hydroxylase) in bile ducts is related to malignant
transformation.
AUTHOR(S): Ince, N. (1); De La Monte, S. (1); Jia, S.; Friedman, P.;
Wands, J. R. (1)
CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Molecular Hepatology Lab., MGH Cancer Cent., Harvard
Med. Sch., Charlestown, MA USA
SOURCE: Hepatology, (1997) Vol. 26, No. 4 PART 2, pp. 362A.
Meeting Info.: 48th Annual Meeting of the American
Association for the Study of Liver Diseases Chicago,
Illinois, USA November 7-11, 1997
ISSN: 0270-9139.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; Abstract
LANGUAGE: English

L16 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:14357 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:73378

TITLE: Genetic linkage analysis of the Ak1, Col5a1, Epb7.2, Fpgs, Grp78, Pbx3, and Notch1 genes in the region of mouse chromosome 2 homologous to human chromosome 9q
AUTHOR(S): Pilz, Alison; Prohaska, Rainer; Peters, Jo; Abbott, Cathy

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Genet. Biometry, Univ. Coll. London, London, NW1 2HE, UK

SOURCE: Genomics (1994), 21(1), 104-9
CODEN: GNMCEP; ISSN: 0888-7543

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The genes for adenylate kinase-1 (AK1), folyl polyglutamate synthetase (FPGS), the collagen pro.alpha.1(V) chain (COL5A1), erythrocyte protein band 7.2b (EPB72), and a proto-oncogene homeobox (PBX3) all map to the distal portion of human chromosome 9q (HSA9q) but have not previously

been mapped by linkage anal. in the mouse. In this study, 2 interspecific backcrosses were used to map the mouse homologs of each of these genes to mouse chromosome 2 (MMU2). The Ak1, Col5a1, Epb7.2, Fpgs, and Pbx3 genes were mapped with respect to the genes for Grp78, Rxra, Notch1 (the mouse homolog of **TAN1**), Spna2, Abl, and Hc (the mouse homolog of C5), all of which have previously been mapped by linkage anal. on MMU2 and

have human homologs that map to HSA9q. Two of the ref. loci for MMU2, D2Mit1 and Acra, were also mapped in the same cross to facilitate comparisons with existing maps. The consensus gene order deduced by combining data from both crosses is D2Mit1-(Dbh,Notch1)-(Col5a1,Rxra)-Spna2-Abl-(Ak1,Fpgs)-(Grp78,Pbx3)-(Epb7.2,Hc,Gsn)-Acra. These loci therefore form part of the conserved synteny between HSA9q and MMU2.

L56 ANSWER 2 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:401673 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:54041

TITLE: Method for treating fibroproliferative disorders by inhibitors of protein hydroxylation

INVENTOR(S): Hanauske-Abel, Hartmut M.; McCaffrey, Timothy A.; Grady, Robert W.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cornell Research Foundation, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 56 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

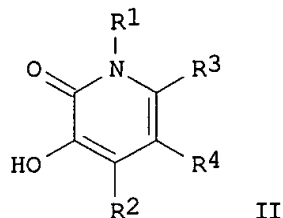
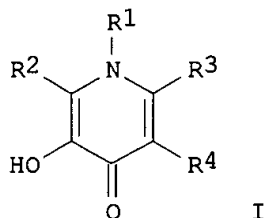
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9930562	A1	19990624	WO 1998-US26646	19981215 <--
W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
US 6046219	A	20000404	US 1997-991913	19971216
AU 9917274	A1	19990705	AU 1999-17274	19981215 <--
EP 1039804	A1	20001004	EP 1998-962117	19981215
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1997-991913	A 19971216
			US 1995-377137	A2 19950120
			WO 1998-US26646	W 19981215

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 131:54041

GI



AB A method is provided for treating conditions mediated by collagen formation together with cell proliferation by administering to a patient or living system an effective amt. of a compd. I or II or a deriv. thereof

(R1-R4 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, or alkoxy group contg. 1-8 carbon atoms, aryl,

aralkyl, or cycloalkyl group contg. about 5-12 carbon atoms, or carboalkoxy or carbamyl group contg. up to 8 carbon atoms, or a peptide or

peptidomimetic moiety contg. 10-30 carbon atoms).

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
FORMAT

L56 ANSWER 3 OF 14

MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 1